

What is maritime ITS?

Definition of ITS

Directive 2010/40/EU



'Intelligent Transport Systems' or 'ITS' means systems in which information and communication technologies are applied in the field of road transport, including infrastructure, vehicles and users, and in traffic management and mobility management, as well as for interfaces with other modes of transport;

ISO/TS 14812 Intelligent transport systems — Vocabulary



intelligent transport system

System comprised of information, communication, sensor and control technologies and that is designed to benefit a *surface transport system*

surface transport system

Note 2 to entry: The term "surface transport system" is viewed as including ferry systems; it is less clear if it includes long-distance sea-faring ships.



'Intelligent Transport Systems' or 'ITS' cover all transport modes: Road, rail, air, and waterborne (deep sea, short sea, and inland waterways).

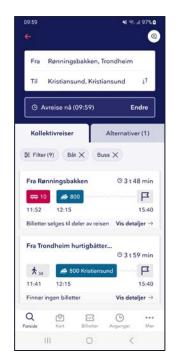
Conventional ITS



Driver information and traffic management.



Autonomous vehicles.



Transport management.



CCAM – Cooperative, connected and automated mobility.



Intermodal connectivity.



Maritime ITS



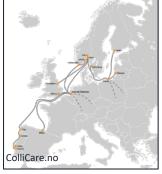


Driver information and traffic management.



Autonomous vehicles.





Transport management.





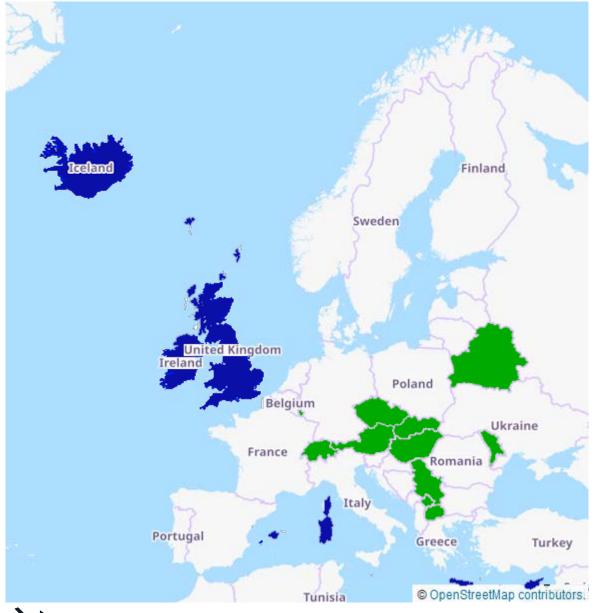
CCAM – Cooperative, connected and automated mobility.



Intermodal connectivity.



Maritime transport in Europe

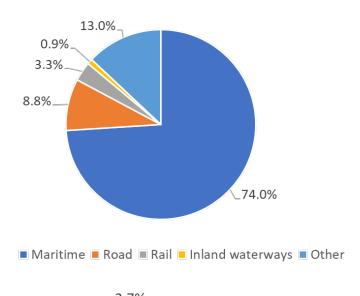


EUROPE

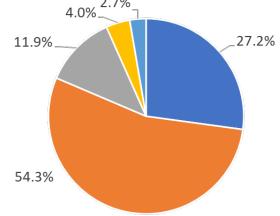
- A few countries without coast
- Some countries even on islands or having large and far away islands.
- Most countries with coast and using maritime transport.
- Some of these more dependent on maritime transport than land transport.



Modal split of freight import/export, EU-27 2021 (% tons)



Modal split of freight transport, Intra-EU-27 2021 (% tonne-km)



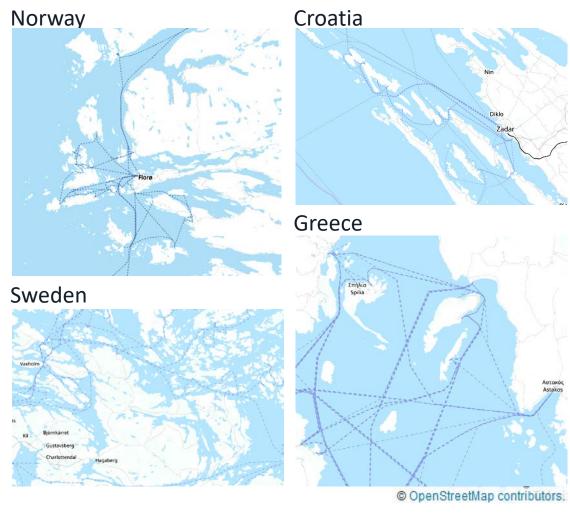
EUROPE

• Export and import heavily dependent on maritime (in ton).

• Intra-EU, road is about twice that of maritime (in tonnes-km).



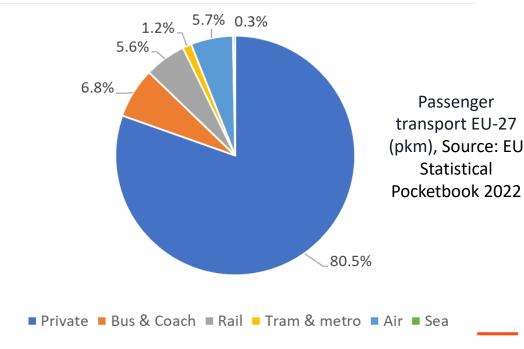
Smarter, Safer and Sustainable Transport



 But many regions are dependent on waterborne transport also for passengers.

EUROPE

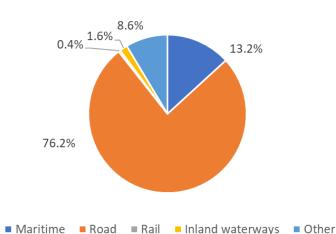
• Overall, passengers by sea is small in EU.

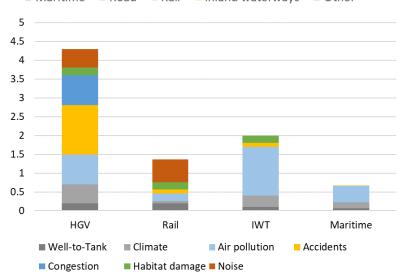




GHG emissions from freight transport, EU-27 2021, Source: EU Statistical Pocketbook 2022

Average external costs freight transport EU-28 (€-cent/tkm), Source:
Handbook on the external costs of transport, 2019





HGV: Heavy Goods Vehicle
IWT: Inland Waterway Transport

EUROPE

 Road traffic is the biggest contributor to GHG emissions in transport.

External costs are not just emissions!

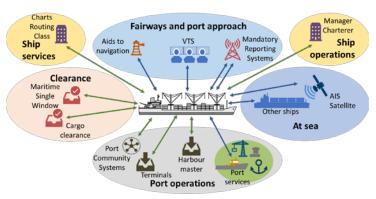


Maritime ITS and sustainability



Contributions from Maritime ITS to sustainability goals







Autonomous ships: New transport systems

- More user friendly
- Lower energy
- Competitive with trucks

Maritime digitalization: Seamless automation

- Voyage optimization
- Port call optimization
- Full automation

Sea-land interface: Reduce transhipment cost

- Terminal and port operations
- Hinterland connections
- Full automation



















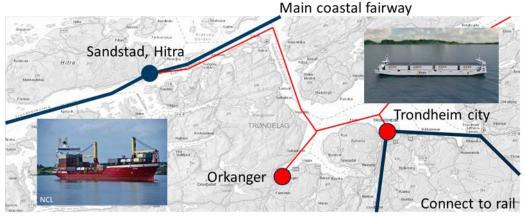


Some examples

Just in Time, Voyage optimization



More efficient ship transport: Move transport from road to sea



Extend sea transport further into rural and urban areas, increase frequency and reduce cost.



Improved car ferries



Improve passenger services in rural areas.



...or in urban



+ modal integration





















Aldri har det vore verre å finne mannskap

More examples

Over heile landet manglar ein sjøfolk. Eit selskap lovar ein bonus på 7000 kroner om ein rekrutterer ein ny kollega.



https://www.nrk.no/rogaland/stor-mangel-pa-sjofolk-_lovar-bonus-pa-7000-for-rekruttering-1.16074489

Address seafarer shortage





Seafarer fatality UK 2003-2012

■ Maritime disasters Off-duty accidents

Missing at sea

Alcohol and drug intoxication



157 bNOK value creation



Increase cyber security and improve resilience



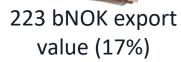
S. E. Roberts et al.: Fatal Accidents and Injuries in Merchant Seafarers

Occupational accidents

Suicide

Reduce fatalities

Drowned

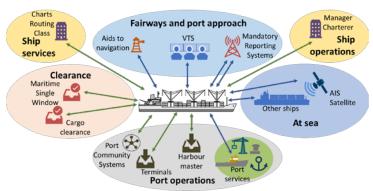






How do we get there?





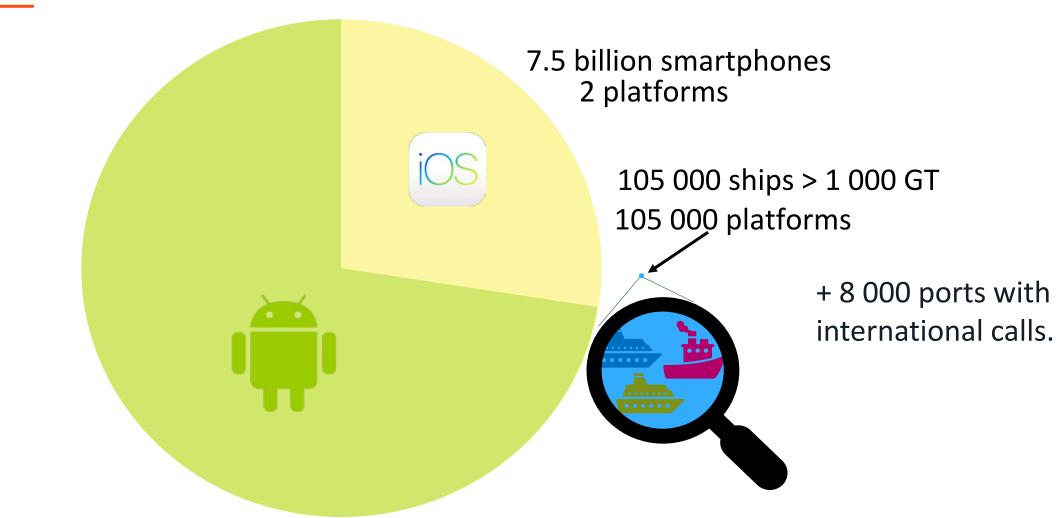


Digitalization + automation in transport

= Maritime ITS



However, a small sector internationally



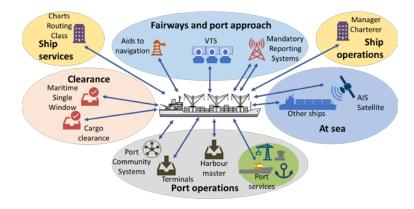


Dependent on common international standards





Need to rely on commonly developed international standards



 A complicated environment with many different actors that do not necessarily cooperate.















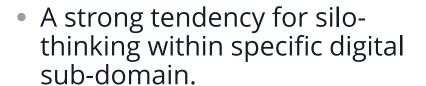


Operative/Commercial

















Thank you for your attention!



https://its-norway.no/en/maritime-its/



Ørnulf Jan Rødseth
Director Maritime ITS
ornulfjan.rodseth@its-norway.no
+47 9309 4401

